



## FOREIGN.

Some of the Charges Preferred Against the De Broglie Ministry.

They Are Accused of an Attempt to Establish a Dictatorship.

And of Ignoring the Popular Will as Shown by the Elections.

The Impeachment Scheme Opposed by All the Conservative Faculties.

Sentiment of German Catholics on the Subject of Socialism.

They Will Help the Government, but Must Themselves Be Let Alone.

FRANCE.

IMPEACHMENT.—The following is the resolution adopted by the Committee of Deputies for the Chamber of Deputies for adoption: "The Chamber recommends the impeachment of the Ministers of the 16th of May; orders the sending up of the report and its appendices to the Senate, and appoints a committee of five of its members to proceed with the charge and act as public prosecutors."

CONFERENCE.

M. Waddington, President of the Council and Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Leroyer, the Minister of Justice, conferred with the Committee on the proposition of the return of the Chambers to Paris. They declared they would be willing to favor the return but, in the fact that the majority of the members of the National Assembly in the Constituent Assembly, would have to be constituted as a National Assembly. The Ministry would also prefer that the question be postponed until after the impeachment discussion.

NO FUSION.

The assertion that President Grevy will resign if impeachment is carried is regarded as an idle invention.

FUSED.

The *Resolution Francise* has been fined \$3,000 francs for publishing articles written by Volney and other condemned Communists.

THE CONFERENCE.

VERSAILLES, March 8.—In the Chamber today Brissel's report was read. Among the grievances against De Broglie's Cabinet is the complaint that it violated the Constitution by raising anew the question of form of government, which had previously been settled by constitutional law. It also violated the rule of irresponsibility of the President of the Republic, one of whose speeches betrayed thoughts of personal power. The authors of the events of the 16th of May designed the establishment of a dictatorship. They violated the Constitution by delaying the election before the law was passed, and moreover by enacting the Electoral law relative to councils-general and councils of arrondissement; by forbidding cooptation, and closing wineshops; by collusion, extortion, undue pressure on the magistracy, and the creation of a fictitious rise on the Bourse. After the election came a Republican majority, the Cabinet continued to fight a whole month; and under the Rochefort Ministry, which followed all preparations were made to strike a blow by force. Dispatches were sent to commanders of the army corps to prepare for military measures, and a conspiracy evidently existed.

The report concludes as follows: "As the De Broglie and Rochebouef Ministries incurred equal responsibility, we propose that both be impeached before the Senate."

On motion of Leroyer, Minister of Justice, the debate was postponed until Thursday.

PREDICTION.

PARIS, March 8.—It is believed the Radicals will be severely defeated on the impeachment question, if the Government meets the issue squarely.

PARDONED.

Among the names of the pardoned to be published under the Amnesty law will be Arthur Rauclerc Reclus and Elise Reclus.

GREAT BRITAIN.

FIRE.

LONDON, March 8.—The reported destruction of the Royal Polytechnic Institute, in Regent street, last night by fire, was a mistake. Only the small theatre and some electric apparatus in the institution were destroyed by the fire.

FAILURE.

LONDON, March 8.—Peter Simpson & Co., merchants of Glasgow, Liverpool, and Bristol, have failed. The firm was established one hundred years ago.

HABERS CONCERN.

LONDON, March 8.—There has not been any decision in the habers corpus case yet. The investigation is proceeding, and is likely to last a considerable time.

THE ROSS-EMMETT ROWING MATCH.

exciting unusual interest. Both men are in splendid condition.

MINE ACCIDENT.

LONDON, March 8.—By the collision of cages in the Victoria coal-pit, one was precipitated to the bottom of the shaft, and eight persons were killed.

GERMANY.

CATHOLIC SENTIMENT ON THE SOCIALIST QUESTION.

BERLIN, March 8.—The principal speech in the debate on the Parliamentary Discipline bill in the Reichstag yesterday was made by Herr Windhorst, leader of the Prussian Catholic party, who declared that the Clerical party were ready to let the Clerical party be merged with the Socialists, but disapproved of the measures suggested. Herr Windhorst suggested the co-operation of the Church and State instead of the State attempting to crush the Socialists with one hand and prosecute the Church with the other. Many feared he was powerless against the Socialists. He hoped he would not live to see the explosion which would follow repressive measures.

Egypt.

TORONTO, March 8.—Archdeacon Sweatman's letter accepting the Toronto Bishopric has been received by the Government of England and France, and after they have confirmed the election of the Bishop, will appoint Nubar Pasha Foreign Minister if they insist, but he must decline all responsibility for the consequences.

ITALY.

PASSANANTE.

NAPLES, March 8.—Passanante, the would-be assassin of the King, was yesterday found guilty and condemned to death. When asked by his counsel if he wished to make an appeal, he replied: "No; I wish to die soon."

RUSSIA.

WILL VISIT THE CRIMEA.

PETERSBURG, March 8.—The Emperor and Empress will visit the Crimea in April.

BULGARIA.

THE TURKS REUNIFYING THEIR OLD OCCUPATION.

TIRNOVA, March 8.—The population of Djibouti, Macedonia, is emigrating en masse before the advance of the Turkish troops. There is great

excitement in Tirnova. Telegrams on the subject will be read at the next sitting of the Assembly. Telegrams from the vicinity of Adrianople give the names of people cut to pieces by the Turks in the districts evacuated by the Russians.

THE PLAGUE.  
COMPLETELY OVER.

Mr. Petermann, March 8.—Gen. Melikoff reports the plague now mastered. Of a population of 118,000 in the infected districts of Astrachan 500 died between October and February.

SPAIN.

OFFICIAL BULLETIN.

MADRID, March 8.—Manuel Silvela will succeed the Marquis de Molino as Spanish Ambassador to Paris. The new Spanish Minister of the Interior is Francisco Silva.

FIRE.

AT SPRINGFIELD, ILL.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE TRIBUNE.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 8.—A part of the Springfield Rolling-Mills burned to-night, the rail mill and muddling-boom being totally destroyed. The steel works and merchant mill were not injured. The fire originated from the gas works, and before being discovered had made such headway that the fire apparatus of the works was unavailable. The buildings destroyed were valued at \$30,000. Insured for \$15,000. The machinery was uninsured, but the damage to that will not exceed \$5,000 to \$6,000. Mills have been running full force, and producing upward of 1,000 tons of railroad iron per week. They have just completed a contract with the Northern Pacific, and were at work on a contract with the Central Pacific. About 400 hands are thrown out of employment. A meeting of the Directors of the Company will be held to-morrow, and it is expected to retain immediately. It is expected the mills will be in operation again in twenty days.

AT GREEN BAY, WIS.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 8.—A fire at Green Bay, at 2 o'clock this morning, totally destroyed Harriman's Hotel, a large four-story brick, and contents. The flames spread rapidly, and it was with difficulty that the boarders escaped. Some of them were compelled to make their exit by means of ropes extending from the windows to the ground. Loss, \$40,000 to \$50,000. Insurance, \$23,000, as follows: Franklin, Philadelphia, Firemen's Fund, California Mutual, \$12,000 each; Pennsylvania, \$2,500 each; Scottish Corporation, Queen's, Liverpool, North America; Philadelphia, \$3,000 each; Fire Association and Orient, Hartford, \$1,500 each. The fire originated in the kitchen, supposed to have been accidental.

AT CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE TRIBUNE.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., March 8.—The damage caused by the fire at Sinclair & Company's packing-house yesterday was underestimated, and it now thought it will reach nearly \$50,000. About 7,500 pounds of hams and lard were burned, on which there was no insurance. A large force of men are already engaged clearing away the debris, and the work of rebuilding will commence at once.

CANADA.

THE POOR WORKMAN—SEVERE THUNDER-STORM—MEDICAL LAWS—PROTECTION FOR AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS.—THE TORONTO BISHOPRIC.—ONTARIO TERRITORY—POX-FISH—CATCHES HALIBUT AS A WINTER-PORT.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE TRIBUNE.

MONTREAL, March 8.—John Cassidy, wholesale druggist, recently failed, is setting up again at 40 cents on the dollar. Liabilities, \$250,000.

Leggett, Johnson, boot and shoe manufacturers, have failed. Liabilities, \$125,000; assets, \$10,000.

OTTAWA, March 8.—Deputations visited the Minister of Finance today, and urged a duty of 25 cents per ton on coal, and \$3.25 per ton on oil.

INDIANA.

A SHAMELESS PROCEEDING IN THE LEGISLATURE—HOW THE DEMOCRATS FORCED AN EXCAUCUS SESSION—VOOREHES AND McDONALD WELCOMED HOME.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE TRIBUNE.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 8.—The history of Indiana does not show so shameless and bare-faced a proceeding as that by which the regular session of the General Assembly was forced yesterday day and night. The Republicans in the Senate made every effort to get the appropriation bills up, but the Democrats stoutly refused. Not more than thirty votes could be obtained at any time for a suspension of the rules, thirty-four being required. The leaders of the Democracy were determined to force an extra session to curtail as far as possible the regular session if possible, and show a respectable record to the country. The Mayor called a special meeting of the City Council which authorized the offer of rewards for the arrest and conviction of any person connected with the incendiary fires. Special policemen were also ordered to be sworn in. Another rousing meeting of the citizens was held, and energetic action on the part of the authorities demanded.

COL. FREEMAN, commanding the Fourteenth Cavalry, U. S. A., has tendered the services of his regiment to the Governor to the Mayor. Capt. Dow, commanding the Governor's Guard, makes a speech to the men of the Guard, and the Mayor is pleased to add that he will reward him.

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AT THE VICTORIA, TORONTO.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE TRIBUNE.

TORONTO, March 8.—A very severe thunder-storm passed over the central portion of Ontario this afternoon. Dispatches received from different sections report great damages by lightning, several houses and barns having been burnt, and cattle destroyed. So far no loss of human life is reported, though there have been several narrow escapes.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE TRIBUNE.

TORONTO, March 8.—A very severe thunder-storm passed over the central portion of Ontario this afternoon. The damage was greatest in the city of Ottawa, where the fire was the most intense. The fire originated in the kitchen of a house, and it was with difficulty that the boarders escaped. Some of them were compelled to make their exit by means of ropes extending from the windows to the ground. Loss, \$40,000 to \$50,000. Insurance, \$23,000, as follows: Franklin, Philadelphia, Firemen's Fund, California Mutual, \$12,000 each; Pennsylvania, \$2,500 each; Scottish Corporation, Queen's, Liverpool, North America; Philadelphia, \$3,000 each; Fire Association and Orient, Hartford, \$1,500 each. The fire originated in the kitchen, supposed to have been accidental.

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says, lessened the friction between "inhabitants and officials."

The history of the directed force of public opinion, where the (monster) though he in the character of such men, in the case before us, were they led by opinion, were they led by the law? If opinion, then, in its natural state, at the case of SULLIVAN, and, making the same by opinion also. Since, the arbiter, let us see to lives as to the relative positions, whether there is not preferring the opinions of authorities to the opinions of popular, are in mental diseases nor al-prefecture, we doubt, not the Let us have the highest

"Carter's Forensic Medi- tions" the highest authority twenty years was expert at German Courts, and no peculiar species of Mania Transitoria." He is scientific and dangerous no insanity that is not the experience has established as he explains that when an amateur, as parents destroy all rational motive, assume insanity, though we petent cause if but when in its character like the who have done the same insanity, we cannot urge or, as late writers put it,

"London, 1878) allows this voluntary excitement responsible, viz.: "Those who are weak-minded, and in a state of violence are held," solitary case of such outcome and competent man of insanity.

Scotland, 1878) allows this sentiment among none of them who are fed (he does not notice weight to the possibility of a person being charged to insanity. He himself has no cruel side of the question in emotional insanity, division of moral insanity, voluntary; in, insensate to emotional in- dustry, the work most popular, utterly ignore anything and as emotional insanity, of New York, is the of who has done such to our courts of a belief in

ON SAVINGS-BANKS.

Aone bill, passed and signed by the President, contains a provision relating to United States banks. This is an act to prohibit the taking of poor depositors, who, under the acts of others, have finally successful appeal to the tax-shield.

The Democratic party on the West Side defeated last fall that MILLS KEENE is a better man than CARTER HARRISON. It should put its best man forward for Mayor. Let us have MILLS.

No newspaper established as a personal and partisan organ for campaign purposes is printed on the paper it is printed on.

All that is necessary to make a bad Alderman for good to stay away from club meetings and primaries.

One barrel properly tapped and distributed will make more votes than a hundred campaign newspapers.

No newspaper possesses influence simply because it is a newspaper. It must have character.

The Chicago Herald will be the Ciper after election.

#### PERSONALS.

New plant your winter overcoat at a workshop.

The wages of sin do not appear to have conformed to a go bald.

Chicago uses more of the weed than New York, but we have no Thaw.

It is rather fortunate for the late Mr. Con-faction that he has already gone.

A good many poor people have made the victims of a cell - Purse.

Ohio is the third State in the Union, but first in the offices of her countrymen.

The Zulus drink absinthe. Absinthe con-lives of Englishmen, we take it.

Mr. Tilden has the paralysis; but we suppose he doesn't know anything about it.

Christians say no experts to open up a trade with Peru. A trade in Senatorships?

Mr. Cox appears again as a candidate for Speaker of the House. And this, we think, is "Why We Laugh."

The Scotch people spent \$15,000,000 for liquor last year, and it is not at all surprising that they have legalised.

A great many medical students are graduat-ing in various parts of the country, and cemetery lots are rapidly advancing.

A flock of 6,000 sheep has perished in the snow on West. Such things will increase the price of college sheepskins.

In a letter printed in the Cincinnati En-guage, Olive Logan says she was a child in 1850. Probably a fact for 1750.

One of the industries of New York is the supply of diamonds to actresses, and sending reliable employees to them.

Mr. Halsted double the story that Zach Chandler recently drank a lemonade. It is certainly a novel use for that beverage.

In view of the effect of Mr. Chandler's recent speech, the Confederates are glad that he had drunk nothing stronger than lemonade.

An Irishman died in San Francisco the other day, leaving \$1,000,000, and not a single relation was remembered in his will.

Cunking and Burnside have kissed and made up, and the darling little card of the one and the luxuriant side-whiskers of the other are gone.

There will be no difficulty in raising the same level as rich former the same opportunity.

Bob Ingersoll's lecture on "Job" has failed to draw, and if he keeps on it will be as poor as that Scriptural gentleman's cele-brated "College."

Henry Ward Beecher says: "The Devil appears on earth in the shape of a woman." Yet even that does not appear to have made him cautious of the sex.

Clara Louise Kellogg announced that she was about to say farewell to the stage, and consequently we are surprised to hear that she is under a five-year contract to sing in Europe.

In New Orleans there are wealthy Lin-esters, the only place in the country where money is plied all the year round without regard to the weather, or the loss of

the means of pursuit.

HABIT Master- the memoirs of the RINEAU, the educator rejected to the publica-tion. It is to be withdrawn from the book. The law received private letters, but is not entitled to the consent of the representatives. The Swe- me might have obtained Chancery restrain-ed letters of his.

One of the most charming young women in Washington is the daughter of Gen. Tom Ewing. She has large blue eyes, ripples chestnut hair, a sweet smile, and she is one of the most amiable girls—her father.

New York State has just discovered that a County Treasurer has been stealing right along for seven years. They manage these things differently in the West. The Western County Treasurer steals all there is to steal in a month.

#### CLOSE SHAVING.

**The Full Explanation of the Greatest Wheat Deal of the Season.**

**Archie Fisher Deceived by a Bogus Dispatch from New York.**

**All the Wheat He Sold Friday Bought Back Yesterday Without Loss.**

**Everybody Happy Except the Little Fellows Who Were Froze Out.**

#### CHICAGO.

The fury in the wheat market is over. The deal is finished, and the military command, "The war is over," expresses the condition with that tolerable accuracy. The telegram which I sent to you yesterday morning, I am sure, was a pity that, when he was in his grave, it should be smitten. It is pleasant to notice that a defense, and apparently a sufficient one, is being made on his behalf. Maj. R. T. Wilson, one of the few who, it is said, contributed to the amount presented to Gov. Brownlow, has explained that the sum given to Mr. Brownlow was realized on profits from the sale of Tennessee bonds, and that it was a free-will offering from personal friends of the Governor. It is believed that the Governor had any connection with the transaction. Major Wilson always regarded him as a man of pure character.

Dr. LAMMER, President of the Popular Life Insurance Company, was a temperance apostle. When he was in jail for defrauding the Company he wrote a book on temperance and three books on physiology. The book was an ab-sider even from tea and coffee. It is a pity he was not an abstainer for all things that do not belong to him. Temperance in all things is a more comprehensive principle than total abstinence from the use of intoxicating drinks.

Mr. J. W. FORNEY prints in his new paper, "FORNEY'S LEADERSHIP," a long and laudatory notice of Mr. DANA. He says that the editor of the "Sun" is "a heart and son a Republican," but has "turned with disgust from the corruptions resulting from a long war and the canker of a long peace." Mr. FORNEY seems to be hard to suit, between his war and his long peace; and Mr. DANA, for a Republican, is altogether the most curious political extant.

The New York Times could hardly find words to express its disapproval of the silver move, a year ago; but "now gives reasons for believing that the decline in the price of silver has exhausted itself, and that an appreciation in the value of the metal may be looked for. This is precisely the result that THE TRIBUNE and other advocates of the remonetization of silver predicted, and for predicting it they were vari-ously abused in several languages.

In getting ready for the city elections taxpayers must remember that bummers gravitate toward the Common Council as of course of course, while good men have to be driven hawd, and pulled there.

The Democratic party on the West Side defeated last fall that MILLS KEENE is a better man than CARTER HARRISON. It should put its best man forward for Mayor. Let us have MILLS.

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**FINANCE AND TRADE.**  
Governments Dull --- Foreign Exchange Firm.

**Chicago Loan Market Quiet---Stocks Stronger.**

The Produce Markets Steadier---Hogs Lower---Less Doing in Provisions.

Wheat Active and Stronger---Other Grain Quiet.

**FINANCIAL.**

Government bonds were very quiet in Chicago. There does not appear to be any panic among buyers on account of Secretary Sherman's indication that the price of 4 per cent is to be raised. Quotations were as follows: U. S. 5% due in 1880, \$105; U. S. 5% of 1881, \$102; U. S. 5% of 1882 at 103%; the new 5s of 1881 were still quoted; the 4 per cent continue at 101 to 103; and the currency 6s at 120%. It is thought to be Secretary Sherman's intention to call all the remaining 5-20 bonds in one call. It is his recent circular threatening to raise the price of 4 per cents revives the slackening demand for the latter. Danger of distress in the money market on account of the settlements of April is believed to have been removed by Secretary Sherman's circular allowing the banks to make settlements in any called bonds, and not as heretofore in only natural calls.

Gold is nominally quoted at \$20.00 per troy ounce for large amounts, and 100% for small lots, but the quotation is nominal, as there is no demand.

Cochago offerings of foreign exchange were very light. The Chicago quotation for sterling grain bills was advanced 1/4 as was that for sixty days' bankers' bills. Sterling grain bills were 40%, and French bills 30%. The actual Chicago rate for sterling were 40% and 40%. In New York, the actual rates were 40% and 40%. The postal rates for sterling were 40% and 40%. French bankers' bills were 50% and 50%. Spanish doublebills.

\* Ex-dividend 1/4.

**FOREIGN EXCHANGE.**

Sterling

Belgium

France

Germany

Holland

Austria

Norway

Sweden

Denmark

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New York. Real estate in an immense impuse cost. The value of real estate there was vast. The Exchange has the largest parcels of Madison property mainly. The New Avenue and the Hundred and Five hundred and five thousand dollars figures, the great part of which will be history of New York's is that more dwellings than that city during 1879 than to the influx of the general feeling among all the bottom has been reached that the real-state market has not yet come to a standstill. A house buyer and seller, and tenant, indicates that a house is held in all but its earliest stages of investment and living in New York or even by capital, who are to take advantage of the services of Mr. Charles M. Furst, principal competitor for the York for the best arrangement.

New York lot, was won by Mr. Furst, which builders of tenement houses of the New York fact that Mr. Furst has not only the inside room plan that took the four rooms general arrangement on a suite of three rooms have the same number. Each has a central hall; each has an open court and a back door. In each suite there is a lighted either by a well or an closet. In the center of the plan it is impossible to get physical and moral improvement of the moral unless they say that no improvement on the existence of New York, not excluding those most recently

built.

The East St. Louis Supply—Kept in Filthy Pens, and Fed on Distillery-Refuse.

## DISEASED CATTLE.

Professional Slop-Feeders in the West Fattening Cattle for the East.

The East St. Louis Supply—Kept in Filthy Pens, and Fed on Distillery-Refuse.

More Cattle at Blissville, L. L., to Be Killed—English Blooded Stock Quarantined.

Correspondence New York Herald.

St. Louis, March 2.—It has been known for some time that slop-fed and diseased cattle were shipped from this point to the Eastern markets and there disposed of as good-conditioned Texas stock. This evil has been steadily growing until it has assumed so startling a magnitude that only prompt and strong measures will enable the authorities to put a stop to it. Your correspondent visited the stock-yards at East St. Louis with the view of ascertaining, if possible, the extent of this evil and the number of cattle that have been held here in this pens for fattening on the outside feeding of slops is not denied; on the contrary, the owners having found from experience that it materially affects their sales; considerably a new class has sprung up called professional feeders, who carry on their work more successfully and to elude detection, ship the cattle off to out-of-the-way places, reship them to the stock-yards after putting them through the fattening process, and send them East in mixed lots with thorough shippers, thus preventing even a fair estimate of the number of slop-fed stock that is in this way thrown on the Eastern markets. Beef-slops and what is called "chop" feeding was carried on to a large extent right in the stock-yards until our friend found that it damaged their sales.

### NOW IT IS DONE.

As soon as the stock of Texas cattle are brought into the yards the best appearance and most salable are given to them, and when the stock is twenty-four or forty-eight hours, but the cattle east that the East receives in this way is a terrible offset in what follows. After the yard is nearly well cleared then comes the professional feeder and buys up all the poor and diseased cattle and the odds and ends of unsalable stock, getting great bargains, as they are glad to get them on their hands at any price.

### WHERE IT IS DONE.

At an expense of much time and labor your correspondent at last ferreted out the location of these feeding quarters and discovered that the business is carried on in two ways exist at Greenfield, Indiana, and even far west of Peoria. Wishing to satisfy himself of the condition of the cattle and the extent to which it was carried on, he took an early train yesterday and arrived at Greenfield about noon. He found at Greenville, Bond County, some forty miles north of St. Louis. The condition and surroundings of the cattle there found was enough to bring about disease, even if they were fed whole grain and hay. In these yards there was an average of 150 cattle crowded into narrow stalls, with no space to move about; into breathing that same air over and over again, as no amount of ventilation could be had.

District 1—North of Eighteenth street, south by Eighteenth street, east by Lake street, west by Clark street. Voting-place, No. 240 State street.

District 2—North of Eighteenth street, south by Lake street, and that part of Kinzie street, east by Clark street, west by Clark street.

District 3—North of Twenty-first street, east by Clark street, west by Clark street, and west by Clark street. Voting-place, No. 240 State street.

District 4—North of Twenty-first street, east by Clark street, west by Clark street, and west by Clark street. Voting-place, No. 240 State street.

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**EX. OFFICES, &c.**  
—  
A GOOD PARTIES' BANK  
150 N. State Street, between  
W. Adams and Clark Streets.  
At 45 and 49 South Clark.

DESIDERABLE HALL, PIXES  
and scenes, unfurnished,  
at 45 and 49 South Clark.

AL LOCATION, ASTRONG  
three stories and basement,  
manufacturing society,  
THOMSON &  
M. FINE HALL, FITTED  
corner of Van Buren and  
E. A. CUMMING & CO.

WEST WATER-ST., RE-  
PURPOSED, new building,  
E. A. CUMMING & CO.

ARATE ROOMS FOR MEN,  
well lighted passenger and  
mailing, opposite Field, Letter  
Box 25, State-Second.

ALL CLERICAL LOCAT-  
tions of JOHN GUTHRIE,

**TO RENT.**

— FURNISHED MODERN  
house, owner for rent,  
several rooms, address A. 42, Tribune office.

A LADY'S FIRST-CLASS  
suite, well lighted, parlor  
and room, 15 years old,  
Furnished, address A. 42, Tribune office.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR  
American gentleman and  
References, A. 75, Tribune.

— A GENTLEMAN WITH  
modest income, back parlor,  
second floor, address family,  
Tribune office.

A MANUFACTUR-  
ing or office, with power,  
would suit, address office.

A FURNISHED, NEW,  
modern built residence,  
or Second Story, by a re-  
sponsible person, address A. 11,  
Letter Box 25, Chicago.

BY MAY 1, OR SOONER,  
rooms and bars, east of Ash-  
ley, location, G. FRASER,

FAMILY OF THREE,  
all furnished house for light  
use, south of Twenty-second  
large furnished house.

SIX TO EIGHT ROOMS,  
Address Z. S. Tribune office.

— BY A SINGLE GENT-  
LEMAN, small family or  
occupant, address A. 24.

PLATEA U.—WELL-  
WATER, etc., in accordance  
with State particular and price.

A FURNISHED ROOM IN  
a gentlewoman's State.

— BETWEEN PRINCE-ST.  
and Van Buren, keeping in  
a private house.

— BY MAY 1, A NICELY-  
furnished room, North side, 10  
or 12 rooms. Address im-  
migrants, A. 70 and 72 Lake.

— BY A YOUNG COUPLE,  
small family, address office.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR  
rent, near North Clark-St.; price

one-half to one-half pay. Give price.

A FURNISHED, NEAT, HOUSE  
rented, not at all expensive,  
first-class, address office.

— BY A YOUNG LADY EM-  
ployed, a pleasant room, with or  
in State, location and price.

— TO HOUSE OWNERS: WE  
have a small house, not more than  
two miles out, to exchange for a  
pleasant small house with a high  
rent. Address W. A. HIGGINS.

— A WAREHOUSE ADMIN-  
ISTRATOR, with facilities

— REAL ESTATE ADJOIN-  
ING, with facilities

— A STORE ON SOUTH WA-  
LACE, not so much an ob-  
ject, lowest rent from May 1st.

— ONE STORY, complete,  
for a small family; no children.

— THE GOOD HOUSE AND  
HUGHES, 116 Prairie-st.

— ON SOUTH SIDE, A COT-  
TAGE, well lighted, good price.

— A 2-STORY BRICK OH-  
er of house, in a good  
neighborhood. Address, giving par-  
ticulars.

— THE NEW AND  
improved, 2-story, house in  
a sat. in desirable

— THREE OR FOUR PLEASE-  
NT, North Side, 80, Tribune.

— A FURNISHED HOUSE  
located, address B. T.

— MAIN FLIGHT OF  
STAIRS, 100 Adams, 100 W. Adams.

— A MAJ. IN SOUTH SIDE,  
furnished, two-story, 100 W. Adams.

— A SMALL COTTAGE ON  
West Side, 57, Tribune.

— A GOOD FURNISHED  
HOUSE, 100 Adams, 100 W. Adams.

— A SMALL COTTAGE ON  
West Side, 57, Tribune.

— A LARGE ROOM IN PRIM-  
erly located, address 100 Adams.

— A COUPLE, 4  
seeks a private family home.

— A FLAT OR HOUSE OF  
100 Adams, 100 W. Adams.

— FOR TWO YEARS, WITH  
private class room, cost of

Washington and Adams.

— TWO FURNISHED ROOMS,  
for lady and child; address

— BY A YOUNG COUPLE,  
4 seeking, in private family  
home.

— A PLEASED AMERI-  
can, a house furnished, vicinity  
of owner for rent; highest refer-  
ences.

— IF YOU WISH TO FIND NO-  
BLE, fine, etc., etc., address office.

— FURNISHED, large, un-  
furnished, advantages of a  
seating, A. 100 Adams.

— BY RESPONSIBLE PAR-  
TIES, 6 rooms, south of Twenty-  
Second, permanent if possi-  
ble. Address Z. S. Tribune office.

### WANTED TO RENT.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

West Side.

3 TRIBUNE BUILDING.—RELIABLE PEOPLE

in the best boarding-houses can find

room, board, and boarding ex-  
change, Room 3 Tribune Building.

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